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Certified by

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13009 U.S. PTO

<b>PROVISIONAL PATENT APPLICATION UNDER §111(b)</b>	<i>Attorney Docket No.</i>	091396-9292
	<i>First Named Inventor</i>	
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	<i>Express Mail Label No.</i>	ER 681077573 US

22154 U.S. PTO  
60/536485



Mail Stop PROVISIONAL PATENT APPLICATION  
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P.O. Box 1450  
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Sir:

Enclosed for filing is a complete provisional patent application entitled "INTERLOCKING  
RADIAL ROLLER BEARING ASSEMBLY" invented by:

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and including the following documents:

Specification - 5 pages

Abstract of the Disclosure

Drawings - 2 sheets

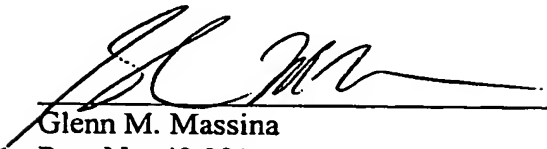
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Respectfully submitted,



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Date: January 14, 2004

cc: Docketing

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## INTERLOCKING RADIAL ROLLER BEARING ASSEMBLY

### BACKGROUND

[0001] The present invention relates to radial roller bearing assemblies. More particularly, the present invention relates to a radial roller bearing assembly with synchronized races.

[0002] Radial roller bearing assemblies typically comprise a plurality of rollers positioned between inner and outer races. A full complement of rollers may be positioned between the races or the rollers may be maintained by a bearing cage positioned between the races. The rollers serve to control friction between the two races. As one of the races moves relative to the other race, the rollers are free to roll between the races, thereby allowing the races to move independent of one another.

### SUMMARY

[0003] The present invention provides a roller bearing assembly comprising radially inner and outer bearing races with a plurality of roller bearings positioned therebetween. A first plurality of gear teeth extend radially inward from the radially outer bearing race. A second plurality of gear teeth extend radially outward from the radially inner bearing race in alignment with the first plurality of gear teeth. A toothed gear is positioned between and interengages with the first and second pluralities of gear teeth. As such, movement of one of the races causes movement of the gear which in turn causes movement of the other race, thereby synchronizing the movement of the inner and outer races.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0004] Fig. 1 is an isometric view, in partial section, of a roller bearing assembly in accordance with a first embodiment of the present invention.

[0005] Fig. 2 is an isometric view of a portion of the gear support utilized in the roller bearing assembly of Fig. 1.

[0006] Fig. 3 is an isometric view of a bearing assembly incorporating roller bearing assemblies in accordance with a second embodiment of the present invention.

[0007] Fig. 4 is a top plan view of the bearing assembly of Fig. 3.

[0008] Fig. 5 is a sectional view along the line 5-5 in Fig. 4.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

[0009] The present invention will be described with reference to the accompanying drawing figures wherein like numbers represent like elements throughout. Certain terminology, for example, "top", "bottom", "right", "left", "front", "frontward", "forward", "back", "rear" and "rearward", is used in the following description for relative descriptive clarity only and is not intended to be limiting.

[0010] Referring to Figs. 1 and 2, a roller bearing assembly 10 that is a first embodiment of the present invention is shown. The roller bearing assembly 10 generally comprises a plurality of rollers 40 positioned between opposed races 20 and 30. In the present embodiment, each race 20, 30 extends over an arc of approximately 180° as the roller bearing assembly 10 is configured for use in an oscillating application. However, the races 20, 30 are not limited to such, but instead can be provided at any desired arc, including a complete circle of 360° for rotational applications.

[0011] The outer race 20 has a planar arced surface 22 extending between radially inward flanges 24 and 26. Similarly, the inner race 30 has a planar arced surface 32 extending between radially outward flanges 34 and 36. The rollers 40 are configured to be positioned between the races 20 and 30 and are retained by the flanges 24, 26 and 34, 36. In the present embodiment, the rollers 40 are placed adjacent to one another without a cage positioned therebetween. However, a cage or the like can be provided if desired.

[0012] A gear assembly 50 is provided between the races 20 and 30 to synchronize the relative movement of the races 20 and 30. The gear assembly 50 includes a toothed gear 54 positioned between gear teeth 52 extending from the interior surface of each race planar surface 22, 32. The race gear teeth 52 can be formed into the race material itself by any suitable manufacturing process or the race gear teeth 52 may be manufactured as a separate component and installed and attached on the respective race surfaces 22, 32, for example, retained in a cavity manufactured into the race surface 22, 32. It is preferable that an enlarged tooth 53 is provided at each end of the race gear teeth 52 to serve as a stop and limit the range of movement of the gear 54 relative to the race gear teeth 52.

[0013] In the illustrated embodiment, the gear 54 has a length equal to the length of the rollers 40 such that the gear 54 is retained between the race flanges 24, 26 and 34, 36. Other mounting arrangements can also be provided. The toothed gear 54 and the race gear teeth 52 are configured to intermesh such that movement of one of the races 20 will cause movement of the gear 54 which in turn will cause movement of the other race 30, in a direction opposite the

movement of the first race 20. It is contemplated that multiple stacked gears (not shown) can be provided between the race teeth 52 to control relative movement direction and gear ratios.

[0014] The gear assembly 50 of the present embodiment also includes a support assembly 56. The support assembly 56 includes a contact roller 57 and a bridge member 58. The contact roller 57 has a diameter such that the contact roller 57 fits between the inward extending race gear teeth 52. The bridge member 58 bridges between the gear 54 and the contact roller 57. As such, as the races 20 and 30 move relative to one another, the contact roller 57 and the bridge 58 will move between the race gear teeth 52 while maintaining the configuration of the rollers 40 and preventing undesired roller 40 contact with the race gear teeth 52.

[0015] Referring to Fig. 2, the bridge 58 preferably also includes axial wings 59. The wings 59 are configured to be received in crimpings 61 of the flanges 24, 26 and 34, 36. The flanges 24, 26 and 34, 36 may be crimped after the components are positioned in between the races 20, 30 or the flanges 24, 26 and 34, 36 may be snap fit about the wings 59. With the flanges 24, 26 and 34, 36 engaging the wings 59, the races 20 and 30 are retained together, forming a unitized roller bearing assembly 10. As can be seen in Fig. 1, a support assembly 56 may be provided at the opposite ends of the races 20 and 30 to unitize that end of the races 20 and 30 and to provide added stability. A gear 54 may be provided at this end as well, but such is not required as a single gear will synchronize the relative movement of the races 20 and 30.

[0016] The race gear teeth 52 are shown extending along only the end portions of the races 20, 30, however, it is understood that the race gear teeth 52 may be provided at various places along the entire arc of each race 20, 30. Additionally, multiple gears 54 may be provided in alignment with the race gear teeth 52 at various locations.

[0017] Referring to Figs. 3-5, a bearing assembly 100 incorporating a pair of spaced apart roller bearing assemblies 110 and 111 is shown. Each roller bearing assembly 110, 111 includes outer races 120, 121 and inner races 130, 131, respectively. A connection plate 102 extends between the respective outer races 120, 121 and a connection plate 104 extends between the respective inner races 130, 131 to form a single bearing assembly 100 incorporating two roller bearing assemblies 110, 111. The connection plate 102 may be formed integral with the inner flanges 126, 127 of the respective outer races 120, 121, as with the inner connection plate 104 and the races 130, 131. Alternatively, the races 120, 121 and 130, 131 may be formed separate and later interconnected.

[0018] The first roller bearing assembly 110 will be described with reference to Fig. 5. The outer race 120 includes a planar arced surface 122 positioned between radially inwardly extending flanges 124 and 126. Similarly, the inner race 130 has a planar arced surface 132 extending between radially outward flanges 134 and 136. The axially outer flanges 124 and 134 are each provided with a series of race gear teeth 152. The race gear teeth 152 are preferably formed integrally in the flanges 124 and 134, for example, by molding each race 120, 130 with the teeth 152 formed in the flanges 124 and 134. In the event the races 120, 130 are molded from a softer material, for example a polymer, it is preferable to position a hardened raceway 123, 133, respectively, within each race 120, 130. The hardened raceways 123, 133 can be assembled to the races 120, 130 or insert molded with the races 120, 130 at the time of manufacture thereof. The inner flanges 126 of the races 120, 130 can be provided with gear teeth, but such is not required.

[0019] A plurality of rollers 140 are positioned between the raceways 123, 133 of the races 120 and 130. In the present embodiment, the rollers 140 are retained within a cage 142. The cage 142 includes a plurality of pockets 144 configured to receive and retain the rollers 140. The pockets 144 are defined by bars 146 extending between side rails 148.

[0020] A gear 154 is positioned between race flanges 124, 134 and is aligned and interengaged with the race gear teeth 152. The gear 154 is preferably supported by a spindle 156 or the like extending from the cage rail 148. The toothed gear 154 and the race gear teeth 152 are configured to intermesh such that movement of one of the races 120 will cause movement of the gear 154 which in turn will cause movement of the other race 130, in a direction opposite the movement of the first race 120. It is contemplated that multiple stacked gears (not shown) can be provided, for example on multiple spindles, between the race teeth 152 to control relative movement direction and gear ratios.

[0021] The second roller bearing assembly 111 may be formed as a mirror image of roller bearing assembly 110 with a gear 154 provided between gear teeth 152 in its outer flanges 125 and 135 (not shown). However, since the upper races 120, 121 are interconnected and the lower races 130, 131 are interconnected, synchronization caused by gear 154 provided with the first roller bearing assembly 110 will cause synchronization of both roller bearing assemblies 110 and 111.

**[0022]** The race gear teeth 152 are shown extending along only a portion of the races 120, 130, however, it is understood that the race gear teeth 152 may be provided along the entire arc of each race 120, 130. Alternatively, the gear teeth 152 may be provided in multiple segments along the arc of the races 120, 130. Additionally, multiple gears 154 may be provided in alignment with the race gear teeth 152 at various locations.

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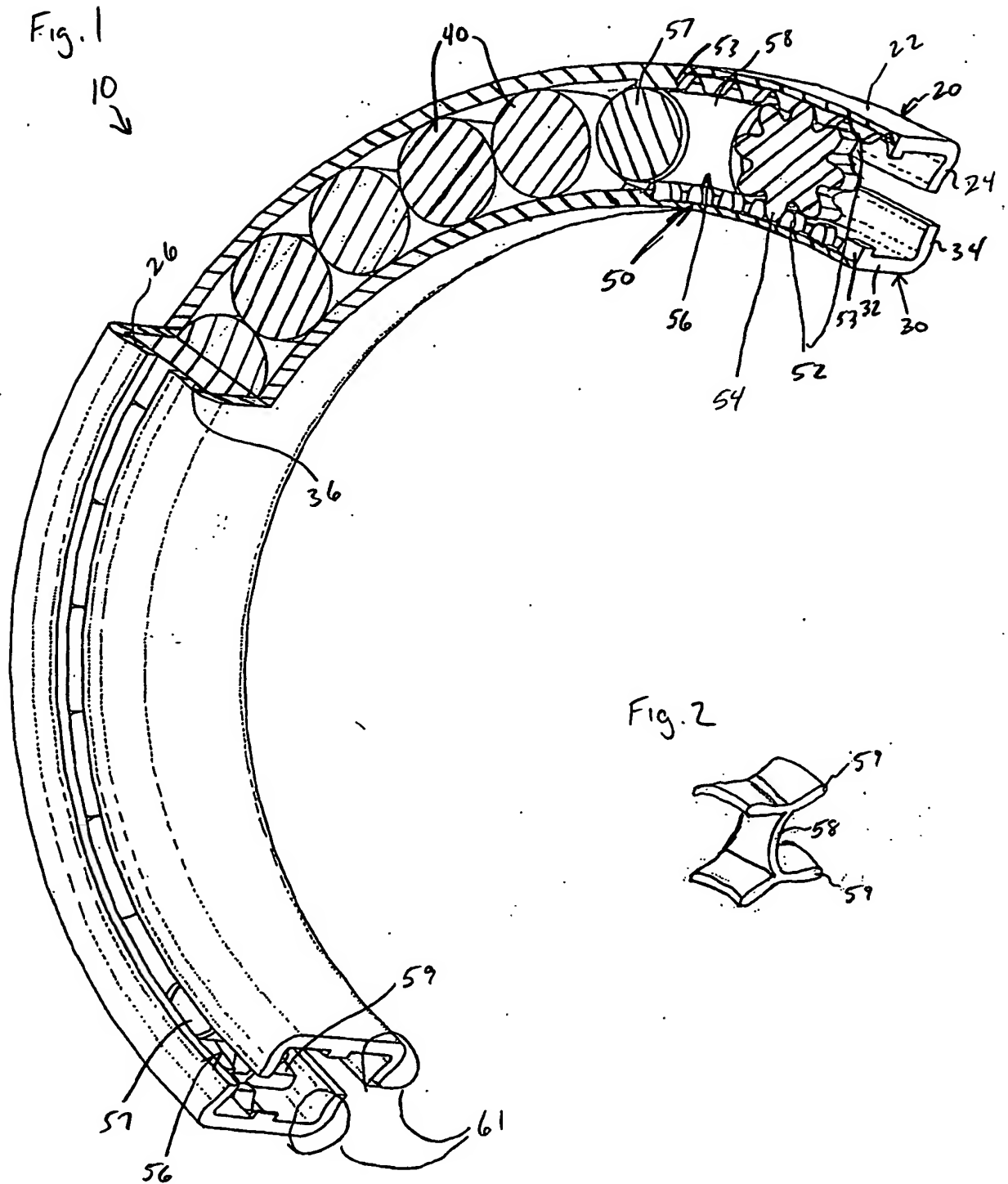
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**ABSTRACT**

**[0023]** A roller bearing assembly comprising radially inner and outer bearing races with a plurality of roller bearings positioned therebetween. A first plurality of gear teeth extend radially inward from the radially outer bearing race. A second plurality of gear teeth extend radially outward from the radially inner bearing race in alignment with the first plurality of gear teeth. A toothed gear is positioned between and interengages with the first and second pluralities of gear teeth.



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Fig. 3

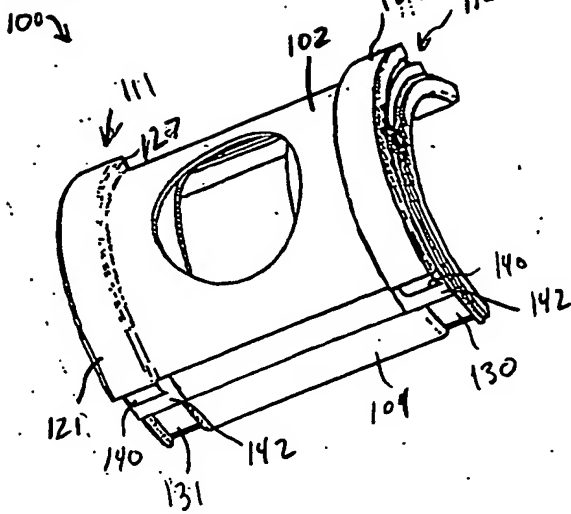


Fig. 4

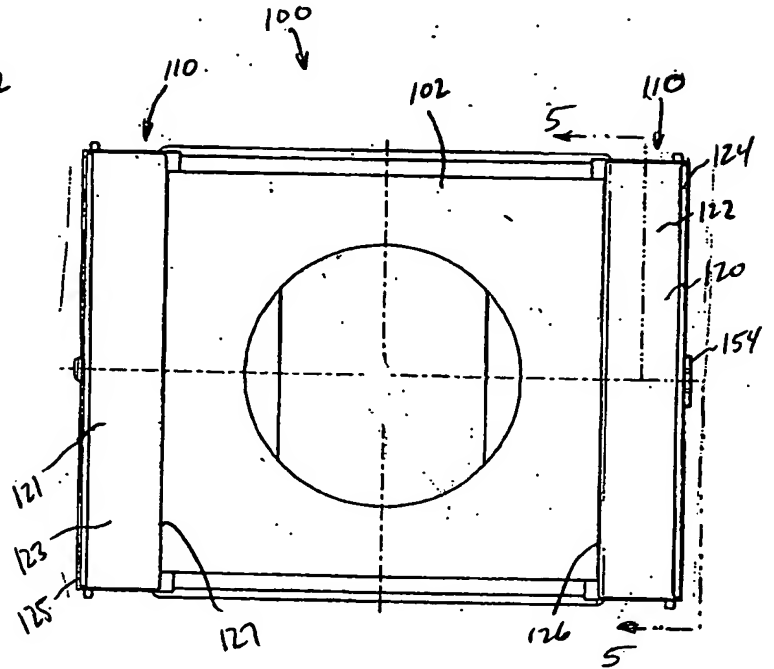
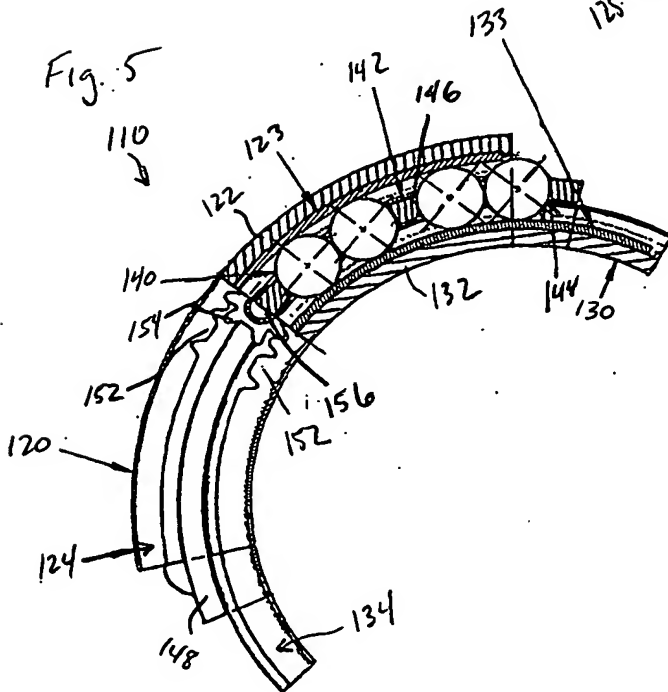


Fig. 5



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